

# Liverani Storia Antico Oriente

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**The Geography of Trade: Landscapes of competition and long-distance contacts in Mesopotamia and Anatolia in the Old Assyrian Colony Period** - Alessio Palmisano

2018-10-31

A reassessment of the Old-Assyrian trade network in Upper Mesopotamia and Central Anatolia during the Middle Bronze Age, this

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volume examines exchange networks and economic strategies, continuity and discontinuity of specific trade circuits and routes, and the evolution of political landscapes throughout the Near East.

**Not Only History** - Gilda Bartoloni 2016

In 2009, Mario Liverani celebrated his 70th birthday and retired from teaching at the Sapienza in Rome, although his book *Antico Oriente: Storia, società, economia* remains in wide use and is still foundational for anyone studying the ancient Near East. The Dipartimento di Scienze Storiche, Archeologiche e Antropologiche dell'Antichità, where Mario Liverani was a leading specialist since the department's inception, celebrated Liverani's milestone birthday and retirement with a conference held in his honor, and this book publishes the papers that were read at the conference on April 20-21, 2009. The title chosen for the conference was "Not Only History/Non solo storia," which alludes to

Liverani's multiple interests and forays into the field of the ancient Near East and Egypt. A select group of scholars and colleagues was chosen to represent Prof. Liverani's fields of interests, because it was impossible to include all of the Italian and international colleagues who could have been invited. Even so, the list of eminent contributors in the fields of ancient Near Eastern history, art, linguistics, and archaeology is more than adequate to recommend acquisition of this fine collection: John Baines (Oxford), Dominique Charpin (Collège de France), Joaquín María Córdoba (Universidad Autónoma de Madrid), Jerrold Cooper (Johns Hopkins), Jean-Marie Durand (Collège de France), Peter Machinist (Harvard), David Mattingly (University of Leicester), Piotr Michalowski (University of Michigan), Nadav Na'aman (Tel Aviv University), Nicholas Postgate (Cambridge), Johannes Renger (Free University of Berlin), Marc Van de Mieroop (Columbia University), Irene Winters (Harvard),

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and Norman Yoffee (University of Michigan).

**A Companion to the Archaeology of Early Greece and the Mediterranean, 2 Volume Set** - Irene S. Lemos 2020-01-09

A Companion that examines together two pivotal periods of Greek archaeology and offers a rich analysis of early Greek culture A Companion to the Archaeology of Early Greece and the Mediterranean offers an original and inclusive review of two key periods of Greek archaeology, which are typically treated separately—the Late Bronze Age and the Early Iron Age. It presents an in-depth exploration of the society and material culture of Greece and the Mediterranean, from the 14th to the early 7th centuries BC. The two-volume companion sets Aegean developments within their broader geographic and cultural context, and presents the wide-ranging interactions with the Mediterranean. The companion bridges the gap that typically exists between Prehistoric and Classical Archaeology and examines material

culture and social practice across Greece and the Mediterranean. A number of specialists examine the environment and demography, and analyze a range of textual and archaeological evidence to shed light on socio-political and cultural developments. The companion also emphasizes regionalism in the archaeology of early Greece and examines the responses of different regions to major phenomena such as state formation, literacy, migration and colonization. Comprehensive in scope, this important companion: Outlines major developments in the two key phases of early Greece, the Late Bronze Age and the Early Iron Age Includes studies of the geography, chronology and demography of early Greece Explores the development of early Greek state and society and examines economy, religion, art and material culture Sets Aegean developments within their Mediterranean context Written for students, and scholars interested in the material culture of the era, A Companion to the

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Archaeology of Early Greece and the Mediterranean offers a comprehensive and authoritative guide that bridges the gap between the Late Bronze Age and the Early Iron Age. 2020 CHOICE Outstanding Academic Title Winner!

**Antico Oriente** - Mario Liverani 1988

*Uruk* - Mario Liverani 2006

Uruk: the First City is the first fully historical analysis of the origins of the city and of the state in southern Mesopotamia, the region providing the earliest evidence in world history related to these seminal developments. Contrasting his approach -- which has been influenced by V. Gordan Childe and by Marxist theory with the neo-evolutionist ideas of (especially) American anthropological theory, the author argues that the innovations that took place during the Uruk period (most of the fourth millennium B.C.) were a true revolution that fundamentally changed all aspects of society and culture. This book is

unique in its historical approach and its combination of archaeological and textual sources. It develops an argument that weaves together a vast amount of information and places it within a context of contemporary scholarly debates on such questions as the ancient economy and world systems. It explains the roots of these debates briefly without talking down to the reader. The book is accessible to a wider audience, while it also provides a cogent argument about the processes involved to the specialist in the field.

*Historiography, Ideology and Politics in the Ancient Near East and Israel* - Mario Liverani  
2021-07-15

In this volume, Niels Peter Lemche and Emanuel Pfoh present an anthology of seminal studies by Mario Liverani, a foremost scholar of the Ancient Near East. This collection contains 18 essays, 11 of which have originally been published in Italian and are now published in English for the first time. It represents an important

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contribution to Ancient Near Eastern and Biblical Studies, exposing the innovative interpretations of Liverani on many historical and ideological aspects of ancient society. Topics range from the Amarna letters and the Ugaritic epic, to the 'origins' of Israel. Historiography, Ideology and Politics in the Ancient Near East and Israel will be an invaluable resource for Ancient Near Eastern and Biblical scholars, as well as graduate and post-graduate students.

### **The Israelites in History and Tradition -**

Niels Peter Lemche 1998-01-01

Niels Peter Lemche focuses on the way Israelites understood themselves at different points in history--before, within, and after the monarchy. This book is essential reading for anyone interested in understanding Israel's rich history. Volumes in the Library of Ancient Israel draw on multiple disciplines--such as archaeology, anthropology, sociology, linguistics, and literary criticism--to illuminate the everyday realities and social subtleties these ancient cultures

experienced. This series employs sophisticated methods resulting in original contributions that depict the reality of the people behind the Hebrew Bible and interprets these insights for a wide variety of readers.

*Uruk la prima città* - Mario Liverani

2017-06-22T00:00:00+02:00

Nella bassa Mesopotamia del IV millennio a.C. si compie il salto dalla 'barbarie' neolitica alla 'civiltà' storica, ossia alla complessità organizzativa dello Stato, della vita urbana, dell'amministrazione e della scrittura. A quali esigenze rispondeva la nuova organizzazione politica ed economica? Chi furono gli autori (coscienti o meno) dei mutamenti in corso? Perché il processo fu così precoce nella bassa Mesopotamia? Quale fu il peso dei fattori ecologici, tecnologici, demografici, socio-economici, politici e ideologici? Quale fu il 'successo' dell'esperimento di Uruk e quali modificazioni subì nel tempo?

*Dal testo alla storia nell'antico Oriente* - Mario

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Liverani 2014

**The Dynamics of Ancient Empires** - Ian Morris 2009

The Dynamics of Ancient Empires is designed to address the deficit in the comparative study of ancient empires in the western Old World, and to encourage dialogue across disciplinary boundaries by examining the fundamental features of the successive and partly overlapping imperial states that dominated much of the Near East and the Mediterranean in the first millennia BCE and CE.

*The Maritime Economy of Ancient Cyprus in Terms of the New Institutional Economics* -

Andreas P. Parpas 2022-05-05

This study considers the maritime economy of ancient Cyprus from 1450 BC to 295 BC, combining, for the first time, three distinct disciplines, that is History, Archaeology and Economic theory. The principles of New Institutional Economics are used to trace the

island's institutions and their continuity and to reconstruct its maritime history.

The Ancient Near East - Mario Liverani 2013-12-04

The Ancient Near East reveals three millennia of history (c. 3500-500 bc) in a single work. Liverani draws upon over 25 years' worth of experience and this personal odyssey has enabled him to retrace the history of the peoples of the Ancient Near East. The history of the Sumerians, Hittites, Assyrians, Babylonians and more is meticulously detailed by one of the leading scholars of Assyriology. Utilizing research derived from the most recent archaeological finds, the text has been fully revised for this English edition and explores Liverani's current thinking on the history of the Ancient Near East. The rich and varied illustrations for each historical period, augmented by new images for this edition, provide insights into the material and textual sources for the Ancient Near East. Many

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highlight the ingenuity and technological prowess of the peoples in the Ancient East. Never before available in English, *The Ancient Near East* represents one of the greatest books ever written on the subject and is a must read for students who will not have had the chance to explore the depth of Liverani's scholarship.

**A History of the Ancient Near East, ca.**

**3000-323 BC** - Marc Van De Mieroop

2015-08-03

Incorporating the latest scholarly research, the third edition of *A History of the Ancient Near East ca. 3000-323 BC* presents a comprehensive overview of the multicultural civilizations of the ancient Near East. Integrates the most up-to-date research, and includes a richer selection of supplementary materials. Addresses the wide variety of political, social, and cultural developments in the ancient Near East. Updated features include new "Key Debate" boxes at the end of each chapter to engage students with various perspectives on a range of critical

issues; a comprehensive timeline of events; and 46 new illustrations, including 12 color photos. Features a new chapter addressing governance and continuity in the region during the Persian Empire. Offers in-depth, accessible discussions of key texts and sources, including the Bible and the Epic of Gilgamesh.

***The Wars in Syria and Palestine of Thutmose III*** -

Donald B. Redford 2003-01-01

A comprehensive, illuminating and accessible assessment of Egypt's policy in Syria and Palestine (15th century B.C.).

**The History of the Second Temple Period** -

Paolo Sacchi 2004-10-13

This book represents the fruit of a long process of study and reflection, a powerful but subtle synthesis, by one of the most eminent scholars of Second-Temple Judaism. Far from a conventional narrative history, it is organized around themes and seeks to uncover the essence of Hebraic/Jewish religious thinking while confronting the phenomenon of its division into

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several 'parties' and traditions. Drawing also on recent studies of Christianity as a 'Judaism', Sacchi provides a stimulating perspective on the nature of ancient Oriental and Occidental thought and the intellectual and spiritual heritage of European civilization.

**Paradiso e dintorni** - Mario Liverani

2018-11-22T00:00:00+01:00

La nostra civiltà comincia il suo viaggio in uno spazio mitico. Un 'giardino dell'Eden' in cui l'uomo trovava soddisfatte tutte le sue necessità. Per secoli studiosi e ricercatori si sono interrogati sulla realtà storica di questo paesaggio primigenio. Oggi finalmente è possibile rispondere alla domanda: ma com'era fatto questo paradiso? Quando l'Europa iniziò la sua esplorazione del Vicino Oriente, le notizie riguardanti quest'area erano sommarie e spesso facevano riferimento a un passato leggendario e mitico. In particolare, due miti ne avevano simboleggiato il paesaggio: la 'Torre di Babele' come metafora per la città e il 'Giardino

dell'Eden' come metafora per la campagna. Entrambi erano caratterizzati da un elemento di crisi e di collasso: la torre di Babele era rimasta incompiuta e abbandonata, il giardino dell'Eden era stato chiuso all'uomo, costretto a migrare verso ambienti meno ospitali. Invece di città, i primi viaggiatori nel Vicino Oriente trovarono rovine, e invece di giardini trovarono il deserto. Col progredire dell'indagine storica e archeologica, le informazioni sulle antiche città (da Ninive a Babilonia) crebbero, mentre le informazioni sulle campagne rimasero scarse e quasi nulle. La storia orientale antica divenne una questione di re e dinastie, di città e palazzi, di scribi e artigiani e mercanti. Si sapeva che la stragrande maggioranza della popolazione antica era costituita da contadini e pastori, ma la ricostruzione della loro vita e del loro ambiente venne a lungo esclusa dal quadro. Oggi le condizioni sono cambiate. Possiamo provare, per la prima volta, a dare un volto al 'giardino dell'Eden', a quel paesaggio in cui è germinata

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alcuni millenni fa la nostra civiltà.

### **The Origins of the Roman Economy -**

Gabriele Cifani 2020-12-17

Focuses on the economic history of the community of Rome from the Iron Age to the early Republic.

### Making Pictures of War - Laura Battini

2016-07-10

This book brings together the main discussions that took place at an international conference on the iconology of war in the ancient Near East, a subject never addressed at an international meeting before.

### **A Companion to Ancient Agriculture -** David

Hollander 2020-11-10

The first book-length overview of agricultural development in the ancient world A Companion to Ancient Agriculture is an authoritative overview of the history and development of agriculture in the ancient world. Focusing primarily on the Near East and Mediterranean regions, this unique text explores the cultivation

of the soil and rearing of animals through centuries of human civilization—from the Neolithic beginnings of agriculture to Late Antiquity. Chapters written by the leading scholars in their fields present a multidisciplinary examination of the agricultural methods and influences that have enabled humans to survive and prosper. Consisting of thirty-one chapters, the Companion presents essays on a range of topics that include economic-political, anthropological, zooarchaeological, ethnobotanical, and archaeobotanical investigation of ancient agriculture. Chronologically-organized chapters offer in-depth discussions of agriculture in Bronze Age Egypt and Mesopotamia, Hellenistic Greece and Imperial Rome, Iran and Central Asia, and other regions. Sections on comparative agricultural history discuss agriculture in the Indian subcontinent and prehistoric China while an insightful concluding section helps readers understand ancient agriculture from a modern

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perspective. Fills the need for a full-length biophysical and social overview of ancient agriculture Provides clear accounts of the current state of research written by experts in their respective areas Places ancient Mediterranean agriculture in conversation with contemporary practice in Eastern and Southern Asia Includes coverage of analysis of stable isotopes in ancient agricultural cultivation Offers plentiful illustrations, references, case studies, and further reading suggestions A Companion to Ancient Agriculture is a much-needed resource for advanced students, instructors, scholars, and researchers in fields such as agricultural history, ancient economics, and in broader disciplines including classics, archaeology, and ancient history.

Myths of Exile - Anne Katrine Gudme 2015-06-05  
The Babylonian exile in 587-539 BCE is frequently presented as the main explanatory factor for the religious and literary developments found in the Hebrew Bible. The

sheer number of both 'historical' and narrative exiles confirms that the theme of exile is of great importance in the Hebrew Bible. However, one does not do justice to the topic by restricting it to the exile in Babylon after 587 BCE. In recent years, it has become clear that there are several discrepancies between biblical and extra-biblical sources on invasion and deportation in Palestine in the 1st millennium BCE. Such discrepancy confirms that the theme of exile in the Hebrew Bible should not be viewed as an echo of a single traumatic historical event, but rather as a literary motif that is repeatedly reworked by biblical authors. *Myths of Exile* challenges the traditional understanding of 'the Exile' as a monolithic historical reality and instead provides a critical and comparative assessment of motifs of estrangement and belonging in the Hebrew Bible and related literature. Using selected texts as case studies, this book demonstrates how tales of exile and return can be described as a common formative narrative in the literature of

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the ancient Near East, a narrative that has been interpreted and used in various ways depending on the needs and cultural contexts of the interpreting community. *Myths of Exile* is a critical study which forms the basis for a fresh understanding of these exile myths as identity-building literary phenomena.

*Commerce and Monetary Systems in the Ancient World* - Kordula Schnegg 2004

This volume forms the proceedings of the Fifth Annual Symposium of the Assyrian and Babylonian Intellectual Heritage Project held in Innsbruck in 2002. Twenty-nine specialist contributions focus on the economic aspects of the 'diffusion and transformation of the cultural heritage of the ancient Near East'. Eight thematic sections discuss: Near Eastern economic theory; Mesopotamia in the third millennium BC; Mesopotamia and the Levant in the first half of the first millennium BC; Levant, Egypt and the Aegean world during the same time span; Greece and Achaemenids, Parthians,

Sasanians and Rome; social aspects of this exchange, including its effects on religion, borders, education and cosmology. The scope of the papers is wide, with subjects including Babylonian twin towns and ethnic minorities, archaic Greek aristocrats, the Phoenicians and the birth of a Mediterranean society, slavery, Iron Age Cyprus, Seleucid coins, the 'Silk Route', and Greek images of the Assyrian and Babylonian kingdoms. Sixteen papers in English, the rest in German.

*Textiles in the Neo-Assyrian Empire* - Salvatore Gaspa 2018-03-05

This book brings together our present-day knowledge about textile terminology in the Akkadian language of the first-millennium BC. In fact, the progress in the study of the Assyrian dialect and its grammar and lexicon has shown the increasing importance of studying the language as well as cataloging and analysing the terminology of material culture in the documentation of the first world empire. The

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book analyses the terms for raw materials, textile procedures, and textile end products consumed in first-millennium BC Assyria. In addition, a new edition of a number of written records from Neo-Assyrian administrative archives completes the work. The book also contains a number of tables, a glossary with all the discussed terms, and a catalogue of illustrations. In light of the recent development of textile research in ancient languages, the book is aimed at providing scholars of Ancient Near Eastern studies and ancient textile studies with a comprehensive work on the Assyrian textiles.

*A Companion to the Ancient Near East* - Daniel C. Snell 2008-04-15

A Companion to the Ancient Near East offers students and general readers a comprehensive overview of Near Eastern civilization from the Bronze Age to the conquests of Alexander the Great. Covers the civilizations of the Sumerians, Hittites, Babylonians, Assyrians, Israelites and

Persians Places particular emphasis on social and cultural history Covers the legacy of the Ancient Near East in the medieval and modern worlds Provides a useful bibliographical guide to this field of study

**Rituals of Triumph in the Mediterranean World** - Anthony Spalinger 2013-07-01

This volume presents a series of cultural reactions to successful military public proclamations by various peoples of the ancient Mediterranean world, illustrating points of similarity and diversity, and demonstrating the complex and multifaceted nature of this trans-cultural practice.

*Bridging the Gap: Disciplines, Times, and Spaces in Dialogue - Volume 3* - Costanza Coppini 2022-09-15

Three volumes present the proceedings of the 6th Broadening Horizons Conference, which took place at the Freie Universität Berlin from 24-28 June, 2019. This volume - Volume 3 - contains 14 papers from Session 4 — Crossing

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Boundaries: Connectivity and Interaction; and  
Session 6 — Landscape and Geography: Human  
Dynamics and Perceptions.

The Dawn of Israel - Lester L. Grabbe  
2022-11-17

In this companion volume to his bestselling  
Ancient Israel: What Do We Know and How Do  
We Know It? Lester L. Grabbe provides the  
background history of the main ancient Near  
Eastern peoples and empires: Babylonia,  
Assyria, Urartu, Hittites, Amorites, Egyptians.  
Grabbe's focus is on Palestine/Canaan and  
covers the early second millennium, including  
the Middle Bronze Age and the Second  
Intermediate Period and Hyksos rule of Egypt.  
Grabbe also addresses the question of a  
'patriarchal period'. The main focus of the book  
is on the second half of the second millennium:  
Late Bronze and early Iron Age, the Egyptian  
New Kingdom, the Amarna letters, the Sea  
Peoples, the question of 'the exodus', the early  
settlements in the hill country of Palestine, and

the first mention of Israel in the Merenptah  
inscription. Archaeology and the contribution of  
the social sciences both feature heavily, as does  
inscriptional and iconographic material. As such  
this volume provides a fascinating portrayal of  
ancient Israel and this definitive work by one of  
the world's leading biblical historians will be of  
interest to all students and scholars of biblical  
history.

**Representations of Empire** - Alan K. Bowman  
2002-10-10

The essays in this volume cover the whole of the  
period in which Rome dominated the  
Mediterranean world. The belief shared by all  
the contributors is that the Roman empire is  
best understood from the standpoint of the  
Mediterranean world looking in to Rome, rather  
than from Rome looking out. The papers focus  
on the development of political institutions in  
Rome itself and in her empire, and on the nature  
of the relationship between Rome and her  
provincial subjects. They also discuss

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historiographical approaches to different kinds of source material, literary and documentary - including the major Roman historians, the evidence for the pre-Roman near east, and the Christian writers of later antiquity. This volume reflects the immense complexity of the political and cultural history of the ancient Mediterranean, from the late Republic to the age of Augustine.

Palmyra - Michael Sommer 2017-11-22

Palmyra: A History examines Palmyra, the city in the Syrian oasis of Tadmur, from its beginnings in the Bronze Age, through the classical period and its discovery and excavation, to the present day. It aims at reconstructing Palmyra's past from literary accounts - classical and post-classical - as well as material evidence of all kinds: inscriptions, coins, art and of course the remains of Palmyra's monumental architecture. After exploring the earliest inhabitation of Tadmur, the volume moves through the Persian and Hellenistic periods, to the city's zenith.

Under the Romans, Palmyra was unique among the cities of the empire because it became a political factor in its own right in the third century AD, when the Roman military was overpowered by Sassanian invaders and Palmyrene troops stepped in. Sommer's assessment of Palmyra under Rome therefore considers how Palmyra achieved such an exceptional role in the Roman Near East, before its demise under the Umayyad Empire. The volume also examines the century-long history of archaeological and historical research at Palmyra, from its beginnings under Ottoman rule and the French mandate in the 1920s to the recent satellite based prospection carried out by German archaeologists. A closing chapter examines the occupation of the site by ISIS during the Syrian conflict, and the implications of the destruction there on the ruins, the archaeological finds and future investigations, and heritage in Syria more broadly. Palmyra offers academics, students and the interested

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reader alike the first full treatment in English of this fascinating site, providing a comprehensive account of the city's origins, rise and fall.

**Divination in Ancient Israel and its Near Eastern Environment** - Frederick H. Cryer  
1994-05-01

In this revealing study, the author suggests that ancient Israel was a 'magic society' like those around it, and similar in many respects to a number of magic-using 'savage' societies studied by modern social anthropology. Although the Old Testament attempts to distinguish between priestly and prophetic divination, this distinction was not sharply drawn in ancient times.

References to divination in fact are found in all genres of Israelite literature, implying that many of these practices were performed throughout Israelite society. 'Cryer's investigation of divination in ancient Israel is a masterful synthesis of social and historical analyses of an important yet neglected topic' (Ronald E. Simkins, Catholic Biblical Quarterly).

[Ancient Taxation](#) - Jonathan Valk 2021-08-24

A collection of studies that explores the extractive systems of eleven ancient states and societies from across the ancient world Ancient Taxation is a collection of studies that explores the extractive systems of eleven ancient states and societies from across the ancient world, ranging from Bronze Age China to Anglo-Saxon Britain. The contributors discuss the inherent challenges of taxation in predominantly agropastoral societies, including basic tax strategy (e.g., taxing goods vs. labor, in-kind vs. money taxes, etc.); the mechanics of assessment and collection; and the politics of negotiating the cooperation of social, economic, and political élites and other important social groups. In assembling a broad range of studies, this book sheds new light on the commonalities and differences between ancient taxation systems, and so on the broader fiscal and institutional practices of antiquity. It also provides new impetus for further comparative research into

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extractive practices across ancient societies and between antiquity and recent historical periods. The book will be of interest to those studying ancient social and economic history, the history of social organization, and the history of ancient Greece and Rome, Egypt, the Ancient Near East, or ancient China.

*Gender and methodology in the ancient Near East: Approaches from Assyriology and beyond* - Stephanie Lynn Budin 2018-10-04

This collection of 23 essays, presented in three sections, aims to discuss women's studies as well as methodological and theoretical approaches to gender within the broad framework of ancient Near Eastern studies. The first section, comprising most of the contributions, is devoted to Assyriology and ancient Near Eastern archaeology. The second and third sections are devoted to Egyptology and to ancient Israel and biblical studies respectively, neighbouring fields of research included in the volume to enrich the debate and facilitate academic exchange.

Altogether these essays offer a variety of sources and perspectives, from the textual to the archaeological, from bodies and sexuality to onomastics, to name just a few, making this a useful resource for all those interested in the study of women and gender in the past.

*Thinking, Recording, and Writing History in the Ancient World* - Kurt A. Raaflaub 2013-11-08

*Thinking, Recording, and Writing History in the Ancient World* presents a cross-cultural comparison of the ways in which ancient civilizations thought about the past and recorded their own histories. Written by an international group of scholars working in many disciplines Truly cross-cultural, covering historical thinking and writing in ancient or early cultures across in East, South, and West Asia, the Mediterranean, and the Americas Includes historiography shaped by religious perspectives, including Judaism, early Christianity, Islam, and Buddhism  
**Hittite Landscape and Geography** - Mark Weeden 2022-05-20

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Hittite Landscape and Geography provides a holistic geographical perspective on the study of the Late Bronze Age Hittite Civilization from Anatolia (Turkey) both as it is represented in Hittite texts and modern archaeology.

**A Companion to Ancient History** - Andrew Erskine 2012-12-26

This Companion provides a comprehensive introduction to key topics in the study of ancient history. Examines the forms of evidence, problems, approaches, and major themes in the study of ancient history. Comprises more than 40 essays, written by leading international scholars. Moves beyond the primary focus on Greece and Rome with coverage of the various cultures within the ancient Mediterranean. Draws on the latest research in the field. Provides an essential resource for any student of ancient history.

*Use and Appreciation of Mycenaean Pottery in the Levant, Cyprus and Italy (1600-1200 BC)* -

Gert Jan van Wijngaarden 2002

Annotation Elizabeth A. Kaye specializes in

communications as part of her coaching and consulting practice. She has edited Requirements for Certification since the 2000-01 edition.

**History and Traditions of Early Israel** - André Lemaire 2014-09-03

This Festschrift consists of a dozen articles on the history of Israel before the classical prophets in the 8th century, and on literary traditions referring to this phase of Israelite history.

**The Ancient Near East** - Mario Liverani 2013-12-04

The Ancient Near East reveals three millennia of history (c. 3500-500 bc) in a single work. Liverani draws upon over 25 years' worth of experience and this personal odyssey has enabled him to retrace the history of the peoples of the Ancient Near East. The history of the Sumerians, Hittites, Assyrians, Babylonians and more is meticulously detailed by one of the leading scholars of Assyriology. Utilizing research derived from the most recent

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archaeological finds, the text has been fully revised for this English edition and explores Liverani's current thinking on the history of the Ancient Near East. The rich and varied illustrations for each historical period, augmented by new images for this edition, provide insights into the material and textual sources for the Ancient Near East. Many highlight the ingenuity and technological prowess of the peoples in the Ancient East. Never before available in English, The Ancient Near East represents one of the greatest books ever written on the subject and is a must read for students who will not have had the chance to explore the depth of Liverani's scholarship.

**Ebla** - Paolo Matthiae 2020-09-22

In Ebla , Paolo Matthiae presents the results of 47 years of excavations at this fascinating site, providing a detailed account of Ebla's history and archaeology. Ebla grew from a small Early Bronze Age settlement into an important trading and political centre, which endured until its final

destruction in c. 1600 BC . The destruction of its royal palace c. 2300 BC was particularly significant as it preserved the city's rich archives, offering a wealth of information on its history, economy, religion, administration, and daily life. The discovery of Ebla is a pivotal moment in the history of archaeological investigations of the twentieth century, and this book is the result of all the excavation campaigns at Tell Mardikh- Ebla from 1964 until 2010, when field operations stopped due to the war in Syria. Available for the first time in English, Ebla offers a complete account of one of the largest pre-classical urban centres by its discoverer, making it an essential resource for students of Ancient Near Eastern archaeology and history.

**The Emergence of Israel in Ancient Palestine** - Emanuel Pfoh 2016-04-01

Taking advantage of critical methodology for history-writing and the use of anthropological insights and ethnographic data from the modern

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Middle East, this study aims at providing new understandings on the emergence of Israel in ancient Palestine and the socio-political dynamics at work in the Levant during antiquity. The book begins with a discussion of matters of historiography and history-writing, both in ancient and modern times, and an evaluation on the incidence of the modern theological discourse in relation to history and history-writing. Chapter 2 evaluates the methodology used by biblical scholars for gaining knowledge on ancient Israelite society. Pfoh argues that such attempts often apply socio-scientific models on biblical narratives without external evidence of the reconstructed past, producing a virtual past reality which cannot be confirmed concretely. Chapter 3 deals with the archaeological remains usually held as clear evidence of Israelite statehood in the tenth century BCE. The main criticism is directed towards archaeological interpretations of the data which are led by the biblical narratives of

the books of Judges and Samuel, resulting in a harmonic blend of ancient literature and modern anthropological models on state-formation. Chapter 4 continues with the discussion on how anthropological models should be employed for history-writing. Socio-political concepts, such as chiefdom society or state formation should not be imposed on the contents of ancient literary sources (i.e., the Bible) but used instead to analyse our primary sources (the archaeological and epigraphic records), in order to create a socio-historical account. The final chapter attempts to provide an historical explanation regarding the emergence of Israel in ancient Palestine without relying on the Bible but only on archaeology, epigraphy and anthropological insights. This Israel is not the biblical one. This is the Israel from history, the one that the modern historian aims at recovering from the study of ancient epigraphic and archaeological remains. The arguments presented challenge the idea that the biblical writers were recording

historical events as we understand this practice nowadays and that we can use the biblical records for creating critical histories of Israel in ancient Palestine. It also questions the existence of undisputable traces of statehood in the archaeological record from the Iron Age, as the biblical images about a United Monarchy might lead us to believe. Thus, drawing on ethnographic insights, we may gain a better knowledge on how ancient Levantine societies functioned, providing us with a context for understanding the emergence of historical Israel as a major highland patronate, with a socio-political life of almost two centuries. It is during the later periods of ancient Palestines history, the Persian and the Graeco-Roman, that we find the proper context into which biblical Israel is created, beginning a literary life of more than two millennia.

Assiria - Mario Liverani

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Il fecondo, scintillante libro Assiria. La preistoria

dell'imperialismo - saggio di storia antica, anzi antichissima - ci suggerisce interessanti contemporanee voragini: a noi che folleggiamo su modernissimi precipizi. Liverani individua il cuore eterno, obbligatorio della voglia di imperi nella volontà di una 'missione imperiale', quella che un tempo si chiamava ideologia. Domenico Quirico, "La Stampa" L'impero sorto tremila anni fa in Mesopotamia, sostiene lo storico Mario Liverani, aspirava a un dominio universale sulla base di una missione civilizzatrice che affermava di portare benefici ai popoli sottomessi. È un'ideologia comune ad altre potenze, basti pensare agli Stati Uniti quando volevano esportare la democrazia. Antonio Carioti, "la Lettura - Corriere della Sera" Pensavamo che l'imperialismo fosse un fenomeno della modernità, frutto della concentrazione economica e finanziaria, dei monopoli e delle multinazionali. Mario Liverani mostra come già nell'antichità un'intera civiltà, quella assira, aveva fatto propria la missione imperiale.

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